## GELL CULTURE - THE BASICS

Your Research - Our Solution

Fisher
Scientific

## What is cell culture?

Cell culture refers to the removal of cells from an animal or plant and their subsequent growth in a favorable artificial environment. Cells can be removed from:
tissue directly and disaggregated by enzymatic or mechanical means before cultivation, or derived from a cell line or cell strain that has already been established.

## What do we need?

- A substrate or medium that supplies the essential nutrients (amino acids, carbohydrates, vitamins, minerals)
- Growth factors and supplements
- Hormones
- Gases $\left(\mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$
- A regulated physico-chemical environment (pH, osmotic pressure, temperature)


## How to choose your media

The choice of cell culture media is extremely important, and significantly affects the success of cell culture experiments ${ }^{[1]}$. The selection of the media depends on the type of cells to be cultured and also the purpose of the culture and resources available in the laboratory ${ }^{[2,3]}$. Different cell types have highly specific growth requirements, therefore, the most suitable media for each cell type must be determined experimentally ${ }^{44,56]}$. In general, it's always good to start with MEM for adherent cells and RPMI-1640 for suspension cells.

| Media Type | Examples | Uses |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Basal media | MEM DMEM | Primary and diploid culture |
| Complex media | RPMI-1640, IMDM | Supports wide range of mammalian <br> cells |

${ }^{[1]}$ Weller T, Wheeldon S. The cultivation in vitro of cells derived from adult Schistosoma mansoni. I. Methodology; criteria for evaluation of cultures; and development of media. Am J Trop Med Hyg. 1982;31:335-48
${ }^{[2]}$ Yang H. Selection of culture media for human and rabbit corneal epithelia. Zhonghua Yan Ke Za Zhi. 1991;27:351-3
${ }^{[3]}$ Clifford W, Anellis A, Ross E. Evaluation of media, time and temperature of incubation, and method of enumeration of several strains of Clostridium perfringens spores. Appl Microbiol. 1974;27:784-92
${ }^{[4]}$ Sato JD, Hayashi I, Hayashi J, Hoshi H, Kawamoto T, McKeehan WL et al. Specific cell types and their requirements. In: Davis JM, editor. Basic Cell Culture: A Practical Approach. Oxford: Oxford University Press; 1994.
${ }^{[5]}$ Schumpp B, Schlaeger E. Optimization of culture conditions for high cell density proliferation of HL-60 human promyelocytic leukemia cells. J Cell Sci. 1990;97:63947
${ }^{[6]}$ McKeehan W, Barnes D, Reid L, Stanbridge E, Murakami H, Sato G. Frontiers in mammalian cell culture. In Vitro Cell Dev Biol. 1990;26:9-23

## How to choose your flask

## Flask shapes



Low profile flasks have reduced height for incubator space savings. The corner neck gives direct access to the flxask corner.

Triangular and modified triangular flasks offer good pipet and cell scraper access to the corners. The wider base provides added stability.

Rectangular flasks have a ramp from the bottom to the canted neck for easier pouring and pipet access. Most canted neck flasks also have an antitip skirt to enhance stability.

Angled neck and traditional straight neck flasks utilise the entire bottom area for cell growth. Their design saves on space and reduces medium sloshing into the neck.

U-shape T-75 flasks have rounded shoulders for an easier grip and better access when removing or tightening the cap. The new ergonomic shape also reduces the number of corners, improves cell scraping, and allows the use of a larger pipet.

## Flask neck styles



Straight neck flasks are ideal for larger volumes since the design reduces medium sloshing into the cap.

Canted neck flasks allow easier pouring and improved access to the flask for pipetting or scraping. The canted neck design was a Corning innovation that first appeared in 1974.

Angled neck improves pipet access and reduces medium sloshing into the neck. This patented design was a Corning innovation that first appeared in 1988.

Flask cap styles


Plug seal caps feature one-piece linerless construction and are designed for use in closed systems, providing a liquid- and gas-tight seal. When loosened, this cap can also be used in open systems. This cap design was a Corning innovation that first appeared in 1974.


Phenolic style caps are designed (when loosened) for use in open systems requiring gas exchange. With te caps slightly loosened, gas is exchanged between the environments inside and outside of the flask.


- Vent caps contain a $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ pore nonwettable membrane sealed to the cap, providing consistent, sterile gas exchange while minimizing the risk of contamination. These caps are highly recommended for use in all $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ incubators, especially for long-term use. The vent cap was a Corning innovation that first appeared in 1988.



## CORNING

## MEM (Minimum Essential Medium)

|  | Alt. No |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contains | 10-009 | 10-010 | 15-010 | 15-015 | 17-305 |
| L-Glutamine | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |
| Phenol Red | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | X |  |
| Calcium and magnesium | $x$ | $x$ | x |  | $x$ |
| Sodium bicarbonate | $x$ | x | x | x | X |
| Non-essential amino acids | $x$ |  |  |  |  |
| Sodium pyruvate | $x$ |  |  |  |  |
| Earle's salts | x | $x$ | x | x | x |
| Cat. No Alt. No | Description |  |  | Size | Pack qty |
| 15313531 10-010-CVR | [+] Earle's salts, L-glutamine |  |  | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15363591 10-010-CMR | [+] Earle's salts, L-glutamine |  |  | 1 L | 6 |
| 15333551 15-010-CVR | [+] Earle's salts; [-] L-glutamine |  |  | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15383611 15-010-CMR | [+] Earle's salts; [-] L-glutamine |  |  | 1L | 6 |
| 15303571 17-305-CVR | [+] Earle's salts; [-] L-glutamine, Phenol Red |  |  | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15363551 15-015-CVR | [-] L-glutamine, calcium, magnesium |  |  | 500 mL | 6 |

## CORNING

MEM (Minimum Essential Medium) Alpha medium

|  | Alt. No |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Contains | $10-022$ | $15-012$ |
| L-Glutamine | $x$ |  |
| Phenol red | $x$ | $x$ |
| Nucleosides | $x$ |  |
| Sodium pyruvate | $x$ | $x$ |
| Sodium bicarbonate | $x$ | $x$ |


| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Size | Pack qty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 6 3 5 3 1}$ | 10-022-CVR | [+] Earle's salts, ribonucleosides, <br> deoxyribonucleosides, L-glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 4 3 5 5 1}$ | 15-012-CVR | [+] Earle's salts; [-] ribonucleosides, <br> deoxyribonucleosides, L-glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |

## CORNING

Improved MEM (Richter's Modification)

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Size | Pack qty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 7 3 5 3 1}$ | 10-024-CVR | $[+]$ L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 9 3 5 3 1}$ | $10-026-C V R$ | [+] L-Glutamine; [-] Phenol Red | 500 mL | 6 |

## CORNING

## Corning U-shape cell culture flasks $\quad 1$

Corning's enhanced T-75 flask features a U-shaped design, which improves usability while maintaining the same environment for cell growth as previous designs. The U-shaped T-75 flask includes specific design advances, such as rounded shoulders, which allow for an easier grip and for better access when removing or tightening the cap. The new ergonomic shape also reduces the number of corners, improves cell scraping, and provides the option to use a larger pipette (up to 50 mL ).

- Manufactured from optically clear virgin polystyrene
- Printed with lot numbers for ease in traceability
- $100 \%$ integrity tested
- Sterilised by gamma irradiation and certified nonpyrogenic

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 7 0 5 9 1}$ | 174901 | $75 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, Tissue culture treated, <br> phenolic-style cap | 100 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 6 0 5 9 1}$ | 174900 | $75 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, Tissue culture treated, <br> plug seal cap | 100 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 5 0 5 9 1}$ | 174899 | $75 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, Tissue culture treated, <br> vented cap | 100 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 8 0 5 9 1}$ | 174898 | $75 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, Not treated, vented cap | 100 |



## CORNING

## Corning multiple well plates, sterile

- Tissue culture-treated for optimum cell attachment and growth
- Optically clear plates compatible with most automatic diluters, readers, and pipettors
- Raised well rims, lid rings, and recessed areas prevent cross-contamination and reduce evaporation
- Uniform wall thickness ensures distortion-free well bottoms
- Well positions are labeled with alphanumeric markings
- Gamma radiation sterilised and certified nonpyrogenic

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qaty |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0 5 7 8 9 1 1}$ | 2 | 3516 | 6-well plate, 1/tray | 50 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 1 4 6 8 1 0}$ | 3506 | 6-well plate, 5/bag | 100 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 2 5 3 0 4 1}$ | 3 | 3513 | 12-well plate, 1/tray | 50 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 7 3 2 5 5 2}$ | 3524 | 24-well plate, 1/tray | 100 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 7 7 8 4 1}$ | 3527 | 24-well plate, 5/bag | 100 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 8 0 9 3 2}$ | 3526 | 24-well plate, 1/tray | 50 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 6 5 3 7 0}$ | 3548 | 48-well plate, 1/tray | 100 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 9 5 9 5 1}$ | 4 | 3596 | 96-well plate, 1/tray | 50 |

DMEM (Dulbecco's Modification of Eagle's Medium)

|  | Alt. No |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contains | 10-101 | 10-102 | 10-013 | 10-014 | 10-017 | 10-027 | 15-013 | 15-017 | 15-018 | 17-204 | 17-205 | 17-206 | 17-207 |
| L-Glutamine |  |  | x | $x$ | x | $\times$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sodium pyruvate |  |  | x | x |  |  | $x$ |  | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ |  |
| Phenol Red |  |  | x | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  | $x$ | x |
| L-Cystine |  |  | x | x | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ |  | $x$ | $\times$ | x |
| L-Methionine |  |  | x | x | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | x | $x$ |  | x |
| Phosphate |  |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |  |  | $\times$ |  |  |  |  |
| HEPES |  |  |  | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low glucose |  |  | x |  | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  |
| High glucose | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Glutagro ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

I
A variation of MEM, called Dulbecco's Modified
I
Eagle's Minimal (DMEM), (Dulbecco/Vogt modified
I
agle's Minimal Essential Medium), contains
approximately four times as much of the vitamins
and amino acids present in the original formula and
two to four times as much glucose. Additionally, it

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Size | Pack qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \| 15393541 | 10-101-CVR | [ + ] Corning glutagro ${ }^{\text {tw }}$ supplement, $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate, phenol red | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15333611 | 10-102-CVR | $[+]$ Corning glutagro™ supplement, $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, Phenol Red; [-] sodium pyruvate | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15323531 | 10-013-CVR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, L-glutamine, sodium pyruvate | 500mL | 6 |
| 15373591 | 10-013-CMR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, L-glutamine, sodium pyruvate | 1 L | 6 |
| 15393591 | 10-013-LXR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, L-glutamine, sodium pyruvate | 10L | 1 |
| 15383591 | 10-013-LBR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, L-glutamine, sodium pyruvate | 20L | 1 |
| 15333531 | 10-014-CVR | [+] $1.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate, L-glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15303601 | 10-014-CMR | [+] $1.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate, L-glutamine | 1 L | 6 |
| 15353531 | 10-017-CVR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, L-glutamine; [-] sodium pyruvate | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15323601 | 10-017-CMR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, L-glutamine; [-] sodium pyruvate | 1 L | 6 |
| 15353551 | 15-013-CVR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate; [] L-glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15393611 | 15-013-CMR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate; [-] L-glutamine | 1L | 6 |
| 15313621 | 15-013-LXR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate; [-] L-glutamine | 10L | 1 |
| I 15303621 | 15-013-LBR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate; [-] L-glutamine | 20L | 1 |
| 15383551 | 15-017-CVR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose; [ [- L-glutamine, sodium pyruvate | 500 mL | 6 |
| I 15323621 | 15-017-CMR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose; [ [- L-glutamine, sodium pyruvate | 1 L | 6 |
| I 15393551 | 15-018-CVR | [ $+\mathrm{l} 4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate, 25 mM HEPES; [-] L-glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15333621 | 15-018-CMR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate, 25 mM HEPES; [-] L-glutamine | 1L | 6 |
| 15373561 | 17-204-CIR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate; [-] L-glutamine, L-methionine, L-cystine | 100 mL | 6 |
| 15383561 | 17-205-CVR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate; [-] L-glutamine, phenol red | 100mL | 6 |
| 15383621 | 17-206-CIR | [+] $4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ glucose, sodium pyruvate; [-] L-glutamine, phosphate | 100 mL | 6 |
| 15393561 | 17-207-CVR | [-] Glucose, L-glutamine, sodium pyruvate | 500 mL | 6 |

## CORNING

IDMEM (Iscove's Modification of DMEM)

|  | Alt. No |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contains | 10-016 | 15-016 |  |
| L-Glutamine | x |  |  |
| Sodium pyruvate | x | x |  |
| Phenol Red | x | x |  |
| Sodium bicarbonate | $x$ | x |  |
| Cat. No Alt. No | Description | Size | Pack qty |
| 15343531 10-016-CVR | [+] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15313601 10-016-CMR | [ + ] L-Glutamine and 25 mM HEPES; [-] $\alpha$-thioglycerol, $\beta$-mercaptoethano | 1 L | 6 |
| 15373551 15-016-CVR | [+] 25mM HEPES; [-] $\alpha$-thioglycerol, $\beta$-mercaptoethanol, L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |

## Thermo <br> SCIENTIFIC

## Thermo Scientific ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ UpCell cultureware

The UpCell surface is designed to respond to changes in temperature. It releases adherent cells by a simple reduction of the temperature of the cell culture. Products with the UpCell surface include Thermo Scientific Nunc MicroWell plates, multidishes and dishes.

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qaty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiwell and assay plates |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 5 4 2 2 0 4}$ | 174901 | 6 well | 6 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 2 8 8 1 4 3}$ | 174900 | 12 well | 6 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 5 3 2 2 0 4}$ | 174899 | 24 well | 6 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 1 6 2 3 4}$ | 174898 | 48 well | 6 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 0 9 1 1 4}$ | 174897 | 96 microwell plate with flat bottom | 8 |
| Culture dishes |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 4 6 3 6 6 5}$ | 174904 | 35 mm | 30 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 5 9 2 9 5 4}$ | 174903 | 60 mm | 30 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 9 8 9 6 3}$ | 174906 | 60 mm with grid | 30 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 7 3 8 3 3}$ | 174902 | 100 mm | 6 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 1 6 5 6 1 3}$ | 174905 | 100 mm with grid | 6 |

I Ham's F-10 medium is a classical media designed by Ham in 1962 to support the growth of mouse and human diploid cells in 1962. Ham's F-12, an improved product, has been used for the growth of primary rat hepatocytes and rat prostate epithelial cells. A clonal toxicity assay using CHO cells has also been reported with Ham's F-12 as the medium of choice. I

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Ham, R.G. 1984, Formulation of basal nutrient media. In Cell Culture Methods for Cell Biology, Vol. 1 (D. W. Barnes, D. A. Sirbasku, and G. H. Sato, eds.) pp. 3-21. Alan R. Liss, New York


| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Size | Pack qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15373541 | 10-090-CVR | [+] L-Glutamine | 500mL | 6 |
| 15313611 | 10-090-CMR | [+] L-Glutamine | 1 L | 6 |
| 15383541 | 10-092-CVR | [+] L-Glutamine, 15mM HEPES | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15323611 | 10-092-CMR | [+] L-glutamine, 15mM HEPES | 1 L | 6 |
| 15353561 | 16-405-CVR | [+] L-Glutamine; [-] Phenol Red | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15323561 | 15-090-CVR | [+] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15363621 | 15-090-CMR | [-] L-Glutamine | 1 L | 6 |
| 15303551 | 10-103-CVR | [+] Corning glutagro ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ supplement | 500 mL | 6 |

## CORNING

## RPMI 1640

|  |  |  | Alt. No |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contains | $10-040$ | $10-041$ | $10-043$ | $10-104$ | $15-040$ | $15-041$ | $17-104$ | $17-105$ |  |
| L-Glutamine | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Phenol Red | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  |  |
| HEPES |  | x |  |  |  | x |  |  |  |
| L-Cystine/L-Methionine | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | x |  |
| Sodium bicarbonate | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  |
| Glutagro $^{\text {TM }}$ |  |  |  | x |  |  |  |  |  |


| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Size | Pack qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15343601 | 10-040-CMR | [+] L-Glutamine | 1L | 6 |
| 15303541 | 10-040-CVR | [+] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15353601 | 10-040-LBR | [+] L-Glutamine | 20L | 6 |
| 15363601 | 10-040-LXR | [+] L-Glutamine | 10L | 6 |
| 15373601 | 10-041-CMR | [+] L-Glutamine and 25mM HEPES | 1L | 6 |
| 15313541 | 10-041-CVR | [+] L-Glutamine and 25mM HEPES | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15323541 | 10-043-CVR | [+] L-Glutamine; [-] glucose | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15313551 | 10-104-CVR | $[+]$ Corning ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ glutagro ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ supplement, phenol red | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15343621 | 15-040-CMR | [-] L-Glutamine | 1 L | 6 |
| 15303561 | 15-040-CVR | [-] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15353621 | 15-040-LBR | [-] L-Glutamine | 20 L | 6 |
| 15313561 | 15-041-CVR | [+] 25mM HEPES; [-] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15373621 | 17-104-CIR | [-] L-Glutamine, L-Methionine, L-Cystine | 100 mL | 6 |
| 15363561 | 17-105-CVR | [-] L-Glutamine, Phenol Red | 500 mL | 6 |

## Other classical media

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Contains | Size | Pack aty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15383531 | 10-025-CVR | F-12K Nutrient Mixture (Kaighn's Modification) | [+] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15333541 | 10-045-CVR | Leibovitz's L-15 (Modification) | [+] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15383601 | 10-050-CVR | McCoy's 5A (lwaketa and Grace Modification) | [+] L-Glutamine, Phenol Red, sodium bicarbonate | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15393601 | 10-051-CIR | McCoy's 5A (Iwaketa and Grace Modification) | [+] L-Glutamine, Phenol Red, sodium bicarbonate, 25mM HEPES | 100 mL | 6 |
| 15343541 | 10-060-CVR | Medium 199 (Modification) | [+] Earle's salts, L-Glutamine, Phenol Red, sodium bicarbonate | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15353541 | 10-070-CVR | Ham's F-10 Medium | [+] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15363541 | 10-080-CVR | Ham's F-12 Medium | [+] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15333561 | 15-100-CVR | MCDB 131, 1 x | [-] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |
| 15343561 | 15-110-CVR | CMRL 1066 | [-] L-Glutamine | 500 mL | 6 |

## CORNING

## Other cell culture reagents and supplements

| Category | Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Size | Pack qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 15323581 | 25-000-CIR | Sodium pyruvate, 100 mM solution with $8.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} \mathrm{NaCl}$ | 100mL | 6 |
| Amino acids and vitamins | 15323641 | 25-020-CIR | MEM vitamins, 100x | 100mL | 6 |
| Amino acids and vitamins | 15333581 | 25-025-CIR | MEM non-essential amino acids, 100x | 100 mL | 6 |
| Amino acids and vitamins | 15343581 | 25-030-CIR | MEM amino acids, [-] L-glutamine, 50x | 100 mL | 6 |
| Antibiotics and antimycotics | 15313681 | 30-240-CR | Hygromycin B solution | 10mL | 1 |
| Antibiotics and antimycotics | 15313671 | $30-001-\mathrm{Cl}$ | Penicillin-Streptomycin solution, 50x | 100 mL | 6 |
| Antibiotics and antimycotics | 15323671 | $30-002-\mathrm{Cl}$ | Penicillin-Streptomycin solution, 100x | 100 mL | 6 |
| Buffers | 15353581 | $25-035-\mathrm{Cl}$ | Sodium bicarbonate, 7.5\% solution | 100 mL | 6 |
| Buffers | 15323661 | $25-060-\mathrm{Cl}$ | HEPES, 1M solution ( $238.3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ ) | 100mL | 6 |
| Enzymatic cell dissociation agents | 15393641 | $25-050-\mathrm{Cl}$ | 0.25\% Trypsin in HBSS; [-] calcium, magnesium | 100 mL | 6 |
| Enzymatic cell dissociation agents | 15303651 | 25-051-Cl | 0.05\% Trypsin/0.53mM EDTA in HBSS; [+] sodium bicarbonate, [-] calcium, magnesium | 100 mL | 6 |
| Enzymatic cell dissociation agents | 15313651 | 25-052-Cl | 0.05\% Trypsin/0.53mM EDTA in HBSS; [] sodium bicarbonate, calcium, magnesium | 100 mL | 6 |
| Enzymatic cell dissociation agents | 15323651 | 25-052-CV | 0.05\% Trypsin/0.53mM EDTA in HBSS; [-] sodium bicarbonate, calcium, magnesium | 500 mL | 6 |
| Enzymatic cell dissociation agents | 15333651 | $25-053-\mathrm{Cl}$ | 0.25\% Trypsin/2.21mM EDTA in HBSS; [-] sodium bicarbonate, calcium, magnesium | 100mL | 6 |
| Enzymatic cell dissociation agents | 15343651 | $25-054-\mathrm{Cl}$ | 2.5\% Trypsin in HBSS; [-] calcium, magnesium, phenol red | 100 mL | 6 |
| Hybridoma reagents | 15373641 | $25-046-\mathrm{Cl}$ | HAT (Hypoxanthine, Aminopterin, Thymidine), 50x | 100 mL | 1 |
| Hybridoma reagents | 15383641 | 25-047-Cl | HT (Hypoxanthine, Thymidine), 50x | 100 mL | 1 |
| Miscellaneous reagents | 15303671 | 25-950-CQC | DMSO (dimethyl sulfoxide) | 250 mL | 1 |
| Miscellaneous reagents | 15363581 | 25-037-CIR | 45\% Glucose solution | 100 mL | 1 |
| Miscellaneous reagents | 15393661 | $25-900-\mathrm{Cl}$ | Trypan Blue solution, $0.4 \%$ (w/v) in PBS, pH7.5 $\pm 0.5$ | 100 mL | 1 |

## CORNING

## Corning CellBIND ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ surface cultureware

Optimal growth - Corning CellBINDTM surface-treated gas permeable polystyrene for superior cell attachment and growth
Increase cell yield - ten-fold higher cell yield increases productivity and capacity
Time and space savings - reduce processing time and incubator storage space by handling one flask compared to 10 traditional $175 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ flasks
Two extra caps (single, double bagged) per case now included

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Multiwell and assay plates |  |  |  |
| 10234832 | 3335 | 6 well plate, clear, sterile, with lid | 50 |
| 10739864 | 3336 | 12 well plate, clear, sterile, with lid | 50 |
| 10224882 | 3337 | 24 well plate, clear, sterile, with lid | 50 |
| 10251443 | 3338 | 48 well plate, clear, sterile, with lid | 50 |
| 10510733 | 3300 | 96 well plate, clear bottom, sterile, with lid | 50 |
| Flasks and hyperflasks |  |  |  |
| 10194302 3 | 3289 | $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ with vented cap, sterile | 200 |
| 10327342 | 3290 | $75 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ with vented cap, sterile | 100 |
| 10787994 | 3291 | $150 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ with vented cap, sterile | 50 |
| 10664553 | 3292 | $175 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ with vented cap, sterile | 50 |
| 10103642 2 | 3293 | $225 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ with vented cap, sterile | 25 |
| 10031352 | 3298 | $175 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ with phenolic cap, sterile | 50 |
| $10222613 \square 1$ | 10024 | HYPERFlask ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, treated, sterile, bar coded, double bagged | 24 |
| 10281845 | 10030 | HYPERFlask ${ }^{\top M} M$, treated, sterile, bar coded, individually wrapped | 4 |
| 10343305 | 10020 | HYPERFlask ${ }^{\top M}$ M, treated, sterile, bar coded, double bagged | 4 |
| 10569765 | 10034 | HYPERFlask ${ }^{\top M} M$, treated, sterile, bar coded, double bagged | 24 |
| Culture dishes |  |  |  |
| 10757804 | 3294 | 35 mm | 210 |
| 10665893 | 3295 | 60 mm | 126 |
| 10581873 | 3296 | 100mm | 40 |



## CORNING

## High content screening microplates with glass bottom

High optical quality, glass bottom, black microplates are ideal for performing high content cellbased assays using imaging systems. The glass bottom provides a flat and optically clear surface that reduces autofocus time, increases throughput, and is ideal for cell growth.

- High optical quality and scratch resistant glass
- Glass bottom thickness of $200 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ and ultra-clear film with $127 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ thickness are well suited for imaging microscopy
- Bottom flatness $<50 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ to ensure planarity for imaging devices
- Low background fluorescence and minimal cross-talk provides the highest possible optical quality for cell-based assays
- Half area 96 well microplate reduces reagent consumption

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Treatment | Bottom | Pack qty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Thin glass bottom |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 8 9 8 6 0}$ | 4582 | 96 well half area | Collagen | Glass | 10 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 0 9 8 7 0}$ | 4584 | 96 well half area | Fibronection | Glass | 10 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 3 9 8 7 0}$ | 4586 | 96 well half area | Poly-D-Lysine | Glass | 10 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 9 9 8 6 0}$ | 4583 | 384 well | Collagen | Glass | 10 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 2 9 8 7 0}$ | 4585 | 384 well | Fibronection | Glass | 10 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 5 9 8 7 0}$ | 4587 | 384 well | Poly-D-Lysine | Glass | 10 |
| Ultra-thin glass bottom |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 6 8 2 7 1}$ | 4680 | 96 well half area | TC-treated | Film clear | 16 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 3 8 8 2 7 1}$ | 4681 | 384 well | TC-treated | Film clear | 20 |

## CORNING

## BioCoat ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Poly-D-Lysine and Poly-L-Lysine cellware

Poly-D-Lysine (PDL) and Poly-L-Lysine (PLL) are synthetic compounds that enhance cell adhesion and protein absorption by altering surface charges on the culture substrate. In addition to promoting cell adhesion, Poly-Lysine surface treatments support neurite outgrowth and improve the survival of many central nervous system (CNS) primary cells in culture. As PDL and PLL are synthetic molecules, they do not stimulate biological activity in the cells cultured on them, and they do not introduce impurities carried by natural polymers.

## BioCoat ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Poly-D-Lysine cellware

| Description | Pack qty | Cat. No. | Alt. No | Pack qty | Cat. No. | Alt. No | Pack qty | Cat. No. | Alt. No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Multiwell and assay plates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 well | 5 | 10607271 | 354413 | 50 | 10674242 | 356413 |  | - | - |
| 12 well | 5 | 10533051 | 354470 | 50 | 10672502 | 356470 | - | - | - |
| 24 well | 5 | 10411321 | 354414 | 50 | 10554461 | 356414 | - | - | - |
| 48 well | 5 | 10246201 | 354509 | 50 | 10103721 | 356509 | - | - | - |
| 96 well clear | 5 | 10431701 | 354461 | 50 | 10182141 | 356461 | 80 | 10224392 | 356690 |
| 96 well black/clear | 5 | 10043830 | 354640 | 50 | 10140403 | 356640 | 80 | 10254342 | 356692 |
| 96 well white/clear | 5 | 10379320 | 354651 | 50 | 10202753 | 356651 | 80 | 10192822 | 356693 |
| 96 well white | 5 | 10657071 | 354620 | 50 | 10515631 | 356620 | 80 | 10090712 | 356691 |
| 384 well clear | 5 | 10145860 | 354662 | 50 | 10385911 | 356662 | 80 | 10613683 | 356695 |
| 384 well black/clear | 5 | 10093860 | 354663 | 50 | 10345961 | 356663 | 80 | 10576293 | 356697 |
| 384 well black/clear small volume | 5 | 10736503 | 354396 | 50 | 10262323 | 356396 | - | - | - |
| 384 well white/clear | 5 | 10166000 | 354660 | 50 | 10488842 | 356660 | 80 | 10725203 | 356694 |
| 384 well white | 5 | 10627841 | 354661 | 50 | 10274561 | 356661 | 80 | 10747894 | 356696 |
| 1536 well black/clear | 5 | 11947211 | 354022 | 50 | 13416829 | 356022 | - | - | - |

BioCoat ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Poly-D-Lysine cellware

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Culture dishes |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 9 9 3 2 0}$ | 354467 | 35 mm | 20 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 4 7 8 8 2 2}$ | 356467 | 35 mm | 100 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 3 8 6 0}$ | 354468 | 60 mm | 20 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 2 0 4 2 8 1}$ | 356468 | 60 mm | 100 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 1 4 5 2 9 0}$ | 354469 | 100 mm | 10 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 3 2 1 2 2}$ | 356469 | 100 mm | 40 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 0 7 4 3 2}$ | 354550 | 150 mm | 5 |
| Coverslips |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 7 2 7 9 1 1}$ | 354086 | 12 mm round |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 7 7 0 3 2}$ | 354077 | 35 mm Coverslip-bottom dishes | 20 |

## CORNING

## Corning PureCoat ${ }^{T M}$ amine cultureware

Ultra-low attachment surfaces feature a covalently bound hydrogel layer that effectively inhibits cellular attachment

- Surface minimises protein absorption, enzyme activation and cellular activation
- Surface is noncytotoxic, biologically inert and nondegradable
- Sterilised by gamma irradiation

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Culture dishes |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 1 0 5 8 2}$ | 3261 | 60 mm | 20 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 0 7 6 2}$ | 3262 | 100 mm | 20 |

## CORNING

For some applications, the use of a combination of ECM proteins, such as Laminin (LM) and attachment factors such as Poly-D-Lysine (PDL) has been shown superior to the use of either alone

BioCoat™ PDL/LM cellware is suitable for culturing many different types of Peripheral Nervous System (PNS) and Central Nervous System (CNS) networks and is useful for promoting neural cell attachment and differentiation

BioCoat ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Poly-D-Lysine/Laminin cellware

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qty |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Multiwell and assay plates |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 5 9 4 8 4 1}$ | 354595 | 6 well | 5 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 3 2 8 9 2}$ | 354619 | 24 well | 5 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 2 0 8 4 1}$ | 354596 | 96 well | 5 |
| Culture dishes |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 1 5 2 3 2 1}$ | 354455 | 100 mm | 10 |
| Coverslips |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 4 6 8 6 8 1}$ | 354087 | 12 mm round No.1 German glass | 80 |
| Flasks |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 6 9 4 6 2}$ | 354687 | 2 well | 12 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 2 9 8 4 2}$ | 354688 | 8 well | 12 |

## BioCoat ${ }^{T M}$ variety pack cellware

BioCoat ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Variety Packs each contain 6 well multiwell plates or culture slides with a selection of different extracellular matrix proteins and attachment factors.
Applications:

- Determination of optimal substrate for growth or differentiation of particular cell types
- Studies of effects of various ECM components on cell behaviour
- Cell adhesion assays

| Multiwell plates |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qty |
| $\mathbf{1 0 5 8 6 5 7 1}$ | 354417 | 6 well includes: Collagen I, Fibronectin, <br> Laminin, Poly-D-Lysine plates | 5 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 3 5 6 3 1}$ | 354431 | 6 well includes: Collagen I, Collagen IV, <br> Fibronectin, Laminin and <br> Poly-D-Lysine plates | 5 |
| Culture slides | 354656 | 8 well includes: Collagen I, Fibronectin, <br> Poly-D-Lysine culture slides | 12 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 4 9 8 8 4 2}$ |  |  |  |

Thermo
SCIENTIFIC

## Thermo Scientific ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Nunc cell culture imaging products

The microscope is essential when wanting to study cells and understand the function of cells. To make life easier for the scientist, numerous cell culture products with optical surfaces have been created as an alternative to using or transferring specimens onto microscope slides.

- The Nunc glass bottom dish combines the convenience of a standard 35 mm cell culture dish with the imaging benefits of coverglass to provide the optimum optical characteristics required for high magnification microscopy and confocal image analysis
- Thermo Scientific ${ }^{\top M}$ Nunc ${ }^{\top M}$ Lab-Tek ${ }^{\top M}$ Permanox ${ }^{\top M}$ Chamber Slides: ThermoScientific ${ }^{\top M}$ Nunclon ${ }^{\top M}$ Delta treated surface allows attachment of adherent cells and a consistent surface for growth from chamber slide to cell factory
- Lab-Tek II CC2 glass chamber slides: chemically modified glass provides a growth surface with a positive charge that mimics Poly-D-Lysine and aids in the attachment of fastidious cells
- Thermo Scientific Nunc 96 and 384 -well optical bottom plates are ideal for microscopic applications. Black microplates are recommended for fluorescence measurements, with minimum back-scattered light and background fluorescence. White plates are best for luminescence measurements, with maximum reflection and minimal autoluminescence

| Cat. No | Alt. No | Description | Pack qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Multiwell plates |  |  |  |
| 10281092 | 165305 | 96F-well, PS, optical bottom polymer base, cell culture treated, sterile with lid, black | 30 |
| 10158721 | 165306 | 96F-well, PS, optical bottom polymer base, cell culture treated, sterie with lid, white | 30 |
| 10184221 | 142761 | 384F-well, PS, optical bottom polymer base, cell culture treated, sterile with Lid, black | 30 |
| 10060601 | 142762 | 384F-well, PS, optical bottom polymer base, cell culture treated, sterile with lid, white | 30 |
| 10591483 | 152029 | 384F-well, PS, optical bottom polymer base, Poly-D-Lysine treated, with lid, black | 20 |
| 10082192 | 152041 | 384F-well, PS, optical bottom polymer base, Collagen I treated, with lid, black | 20 |
| Culture dishes |  |  |  |
| 15183728 | 150680 | Glass based dish, 12mm | 20 |
| 15235672 | 150682 | Glass based dish, 27 mm | 20 |
| Chamber slides |  |  |  |
| 10549891 | 177410 | 1-well, Lab-Tek Permanox | 96 |
| 10324421 | 177429 | 2-well, Lab-Tek Permanox | 96 |
| 10304471 | 177437 | 4-well, Lab-Tek Permanox | 96 |
| 10098850 | 177445 | 8-well, Lab-Tek Permanox | 96 |
| 10164271 | 154739 | 1-well, Lab-Tek \|I CC2 | 96 |
| 13083043 | 154852 | 2-well, Lab-Tek II CC2 | 96 |
| 10092371 | 154917 | 4-well, Lab-Tek II CC2 | 96 |
| 10564751 | 154941 | 8-well, Lab-Tek \|I CC2 | 96 |

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